

## **2016 MPSSAA Soccer Quiz #2**

- 1.) A player utilizes a hair control device that ties into a knot on the back to secure it in place. This is allowed?
  - A. True.
  - B. False.
  
- 2.) A player utilizes a hair control device that is a sweatband with elasticity to secure the hair. This is allowed?
  - A. True.
  - B. False.
  
- 3.) During the course of the game the officials notice that one of the portable goals is not properly centered within the penalty area so that each post is 18 yards from the penalty area marking. The responsibility for assuring that the goal was centered belongs to:
  - A. The host Athletic Director.
  - B. The home coach.
  - C. The referee.
  - D. The goalkeeper should notice this and report it.
  - E. The officiating crew.
  
- 4.) While A-1 is taking a penalty kick, teammate A-2 encroaches into the penalty area before the ball is struck. Goalkeeper B-1 knocks down the shot and the ball caroms back into play. The referee shall:
  - A. Allow play to continue as B-1 made a save on the shot.
  - B. Whistle the play dead and order a re-kick so that the ball is put into play properly.
  - C. Whistle the play dead and punish the infringement with an indirect kick Team B.
  - D. Whistle the play dead and punish the infringement with a direct free kick for Team B.
  
- 5.) Which of the following may NOT be worn on the team jersey?
  - A. An American flag with state association approval.
  - B. School emblem.
  - C. School name.
  - D. Premier League patch.

- 6.) The referee sends off (red card) the Head Coach of Team A. No other rostered coach is present or available. The referee shall then:
- A. Suggest that a parent of one of the players come to the technical area to supervise the team.
  - B. Terminate the game and subsequently send, in a timely manner, a game report to the game's governing authority.
  - C. Terminate the game, inform the opposing team that it has won by forfeit and subsequently send, in a timely manner, a report to the game's governing authority.
  - D. Allow the team captain(s) to supervise the team.
- 7.) A substitute who has reported at an appropriate substitution opportunity becomes a player when:
- A. He/she enters the field of play.
  - B. The substituted player exits the field of play.
  - C. Then referee beckons the substitute to enter the field of play.
  - D. When the scorer's table sounds the horn for substitution.
- 8.) Substitutes A1 and A2 report to the scorer's table. Team A is awarded a throw-in. The referee notes that the substitutes have reported to the table, sounds a whistle to halt Team A's throw-in, and beckons A1 and A2 to enter the game. Both players run onto the field as the two departing players begin to jog off of the field of play. For a brief period Team A has 13 players on the field. This is:
- A. Not permissible. Substitutes should wait at the touchline for those they are replacing to exit.
  - B. Permissible. Upon being beckoned onto the field, the substitutes have become players and may enter the field prior to the departure of those they are substituting for.
- 9.) The Coach of Team B protests the send off (red card) of his player and feels that the referee erred in judgement. The Coach sends video of the incident to the board of officials assigned to the game in order to review the incident.
- A. The video may be reviewed and it is possible that the decision could be supported or overturned.
  - B. The video will not be considered for review.
  - C. The video may be viewed and used for training purposes.
  - D. Both B. & C.

- 10.) Player B1 is observed by the referee to be wearing shin guards on the side of the leg and not protecting the shin. The referee stops the game, has the player removed from the game, and cautions the coach for the team's first incidence of illegal equipment.
- A. True.
  - B. False.

**Answers:**

1. False; Pg. 27, 4.2.2 Situation A, "...any knotted device may be dangerous."
2. True; Pg. 27, 4.2.2 Situation A, "Legal if worn to control the player's hair or prevent sweat on the face."
3. C; Pg. 31, Rule 5-2-2 (a.) states "The head referee shall inspect and approve the game balls, field of play and nets, inquire about local ground rules and determine if a fair game can be started."
4. C; Pg. 65, chart of Penalty Kick Situations (14-1-2 and 14-1-3).
5. D; Rule 4-1-1 (e & f).
6. B; The referee has the authority to terminate a game when stated rules and conditions warrant. The referee has no authority to declare a forfeit. That declaration is up to the game's governing authority.
7. C; Pg. 20, "...is now a player because he/she was beckoned onto the field by the Referee."
8. B; Upon being beckoned onto the field, substitutes in NFHS are players and may rightfully enter the field. Other governing bodies do not determine a substitute to be a player until entry onto the field. Therefore, waiting for a player to depart the field before a substitute enters may be required there, but it is not a requirement for high school soccer.
9. D; Pg. 30, The officials...decisions on points of fact are final. The officials can only correct a decision so long as the game has not restarted. The officials retain clerical authority over the contest through the completion of any reports, including those imposing disqualifications that are responsive to actions occurring while the referees had jurisdiction. Protests of NFHS rules are not recognized. The officials shall not use video replays to assist in any decision.
10. B; This is legal equipment worn in an improper manner (see chart pg. 22). Have the player correct the wearing of the equipment. Later on, if the player has either not corrected the problem or had corrected it but then resumed wearing equipment improperly, caution the player for unsporting behavior.